Accepted Manuscript

Molecular insights into the effect of ozone on human hemoglobin in autohemotherapy: Highlighting the importance of the presence of blood antioxidants during ozonation



Fouad Mehraban, Arefeh Seyedarabi, Zahra Seraj, Shahin Ahmadian, Najmeh Poursasan, Saeed Rayati, Ali Akbar Moosavi-Movahedi

PII:	S0141-8130(18)31210-8
DOI:	doi:10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2018.08.028
Reference:	BIOMAC 10272
To appear in:	International Journal of Biological Macromolecules
Received date:	13 March 2018
Revised date:	5 August 2018
Accepted date:	7 August 2018

Please cite this article as: Fouad Mehraban, Arefeh Seyedarabi, Zahra Seraj, Shahin Ahmadian, Najmeh Poursasan, Saeed Rayati, Ali Akbar Moosavi-Movahedi , Molecular insights into the effect of ozone on human hemoglobin in autohemotherapy: Highlighting the importance of the presence of blood antioxidants during ozonation. Biomac (2018), doi:10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2018.08.028

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Molecular insights into the effect of ozone on human hemoglobin in autohemotherapy: highlighting the importance of the presence of blood antioxidants during ozonation

Fouad Mehraban^a, Arefeh Seyedarabi^{a1}, Zahra Seraj^a, Shahin Ahmadian^a, Najmeh Poursasan^a, Saeed Rayati^b and Ali Akbar Moosavi-Movahedi^a

^a Institute of Biochemistry and Biophysics, University of Tehran, Tehran, Iran

^b Department of Chemistry, K. N. Toosi University of Technology, P.O. Box 16315-1618, Tehran, 15418, Iran

¹ To whom correspondence should be addressed. Email: <u>a.seyedarabi@ut.ac.ir</u>

Tel: +98 (0) 21 66956974

Abstract

Ozone has been known for several decades, with its antiseptic and therapeutic effects determined by the hormesis theory. It is shown that the therapeutic efficacy of ozone therapy may be partly due to the controlled and moderate oxidative stress produced by the reaction of ozone with several biological components. In this study, the effect of ozone on healthy human hemoglobin (Hb) in the whole blood environment (in the presence of antioxidants) and in the purified form (in the absence of antioxidants) is investigated using a number of different techniques including intrinsic fluorescence, circular dichroism and UV/VIS absorption spectroscopy as well as SDSand Native-PAGE and dynamic light scattering. The results show that the presence of antioxidants prevents damage to Hb while its absence means that as the exposure to ozone is increased, Hb is increasingly damaged. These results highlight the importance for the use of appropriate doses of ozone, for patients with different diseases and hence antioxidant levels, in autohemotherapy. Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8326625

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8326625

Daneshyari.com