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The antibacterial and anti-inflammatory investigation of

Lawsonia Inermis-gelatin-starch nano-fibrous dressing in burn

wound

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Highlights

Henna-gelatin-oxidized starch nanofibers wound dressing were prepared.

The fiber dimeter was reduced with increasing henna content.

Cell attachment, proliferation and collagen secretion enhanced with henna.

Henna-loaded nanofibers accelerated burn wound closure with reducing inflammation.

Abstract

The aim of this study was to develop a new bioactive gelatin-oxidized starch nanofibers containing Lawsonia

Inermis (henna) for treating second-degree burn wounds. Continuous, smooth, and bead-free fibers were obtained

when the gelatin-starch ratio was 70/30. Additionally, the fiber dimeter was reduced with increasing henna

content. The successful loading of henna in the gelatin-oxidized starch nanofibers was approved using Fourier

transform infrared spectroscopy and Differential scanning calorimetry. Moreover, the addition of henna to the

gelatin-oxidized starch nanomatrix enhanced fibroblasts attachment, proliferation, collagen secretion, and

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