## Accepted Manuscript

Title: The conformational transitions in organic solution on the cress seed gum nanoparticles production

Author: Afsaneh Taheri Seyed M.A. Razavi

PII: S0141-8130(15)00459-6

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2015.06.056

Reference: BIOMAC 5202

To appear in: International Journal of Biological Macromolecules

Received date: 10-3-2015 Revised date: 25-6-2015 Accepted date: 29-6-2015

Please cite this article as: A. Taheri, S.M.A. Razavi, The conformational transitions in organic solution on the cress seed gum nanoparticles production, International Journal of **Biological** Macromolecules http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2015.06.056

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

The con	forma	tional	transi	itions	in	organic	solution	on	the o	cress	seed	gum

nanoparticles production
--------------------------

### Afsaneh Taheri, Seyed M.A. Razavi\*

5 Food Hydrocolloid Research Center, Department of Food Science and Technology, Ferdowsi

University of Mashhad, Mashhad, 91775-1163, Iran

8 Abstract

The seeds of *Lepidium sativum* (garden cress) were selected as a new hydrocolloid source to fabricate cress seed gum nanoparticles (CSGN) by the desolvation method. The intrinsic viscosity of the CSGN solutions was measured to evaluate the conformational differences of the CSG resulted by the various production conditions. The intrinsic viscosity of CSGN solutions was estimated by using various models, i.e. Huggins, Kraemer, Tanglertpaibulm-Rao and Higiro, and then the intrinsic viscosity was an objective function aimed at optimizing the conditions for the solubilization of CSG nanoparticles by the response surface method. The results indicated that among the conditions for the preparation of nanoparticles, acetone and gum concentrations had significant effects on the intrinsic viscosity of nanoparticles. Hereby, CSG served as a source of anionic polyelectrolyte molecules in dilute solutions with acetone-water mixtures. This compound goes on to display a coil-globule transition above a certain threshold of acetone.

**Keywords**: Desolvation; Hydrocolloid; Intrinsic viscosity; Nanotechnology.

<sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author: Tel: +98- 511- 8795618, Fax: +98- 511- 8787430, Email: s.razavi@um.ac.ir

#### Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8330699

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8330699

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>