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Vitamin K1 Inversely Correlates with Glycemia and Insulin Resistance in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes (T2D) and Positively Regulates SIRT1/AMPK Pathway of Glucose Metabolism in Liver of T2D Mice and Hepatocytes Cultured in High Glucose

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Vitamin K1 Inversely Correlates with Glycemia and Insulin Resistance in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes (T2D) and Positively Regulates SIRT1/AMPK Pathway of Glucose Metabolism in Liver of T2D Mice and Hepatocytes Cultured in High Glucose

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The abbreviations used are: AMPK, AMP activated protein kinase; CPT1A, carnitine palmitoyltransferase 1A; GK, glucokinase; G6P, glucose 6 phosphate; G6Pase, glucose 6 phosphatase; GGCX, gamma glutamyl carboxylase; GHb, glycated hemoglobin; GLUT2, glucose transporter 2; IL-6, interleukin 6, MCP-1, monocyte chemoattractant protein-1; NF- κ B, nuclear factor kappa B; PI3K, phosphoinositide 3-kinase; PPAR α , peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor alpha; PTEN, phosphatase and tensin homolog; SIRT1, sirtuin 1; ucMGP, uncarboxylated matrix gla protein; VK1, vitamin K1; VKOR, vitamin K epoxide reductase

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