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Osmotin: a plant defense tool against biotic and abiotic stresses

2 **Running Title: Osmotin protein in plants** 3

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18 Abstract

19 Plants are prone to a number of pathogens and abiotic stresses that cause various disorders. However, plants possess 20 a defense mechanism to cope with these stresses. The osmotin protein belongs to the PR-5 family of Pathogenesis-21 related (PR) proteins, which are produced in response to diseases caused by various biotic and abiotic stresses. 22 Osmotin uses a signal transduction pathway to inhibit the activity of defensive cell wall barriers and increases its 23 own cytotoxic efficiency. However, in response to cytotoxic effects, this pathway stimulates a mitogen-activated 24 protein kinase (MAPK) cascade that triggers changes in the cell wall and enables osmotin's entrance into the plasma 25 membrane. This mechanism involves cell wall binding and membrane perturbation, although the complete 26 mechanism of osmotin activity has not been fully elucidated. Osmotin possesses an acidic cleft that is responsible 27 for communication with its receptor in the plasma membrane of fungi. Osmotin is also involved in the initiation of 28 apoptosis and programmed cell death, whereas its overexpression causes the accumulation of proline in transgenic 29 plants. A higher concentration of osmotin can cause the lysis of hyphae tips. This review highlights the role of 30 osmotin protein in the plant defense mechanism and its mode of action against numerous pathogens in wild and 31 transgenic plants.

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33 Keywords: Plant defense mechanism, pathogenesis-related (PR) proteins, PR-5, osmotin protein, apoptosis

34 Abbreviations 35 Pathogenesis-related proteins PR 36 TLPs Thaumatin-like proteins 37 **OLPs** Osmotin-like proteins 38 SAR Systemic acquired resistance 39 Hypersensitive response HR 40 PCD Programmed cell death 41 TMV Tobacco mosaic virus 42 Isoelectric point pI 43 PEG Polyethylene glycol 44 ABA Abscisic acid 45 ЕΤ Ethylene 46 ROS Reactive oxygen species 47 MAPK Mitogen-activated protein kinase 48 GM Genetically modified 49

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