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Brassica glucosinolate rhythmicity in response to light-dark

entrainment cycles is cultivar-dependent

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**Highlights** 

Brassica cultivars keep track the time of the day to coordinate their defenses.

The period and amplitude of GSLs circadian outputs were cultivar-dependent.

A robust rhythmic behavior was found for the aliphatic GSLs: SIN and GNA

The plant clock can be re-entrained for GSLs accumulation after free-running

conditions.

**ABSTRACT** 

Coordination of plant circadian rhythms with the external environment provides growth

and reproductive advantages to plants as well as enhanced resistance to insects and

pathogens. Since glucosinolates (GLSs) play a major role as plant defensive compounds

and could affect the palatability and health value of edible crops, the aim of this study

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