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Authors: Ravjibhai K. Chaudhari, Ajit Singh Mahla, Amit Kumar Singh, Sanjay Kumar Singh, Abhijit M. Pawde, G.V.P.P.S. Ravi Kumar, GyanendraSingh, Mihir Sarkar, Harendra Kumar, Krishnaswamy Narayanan



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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

# Effect of dietary n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid rich fish oil on the endometrial prostaglandin production in the doe (*Capra hircus*)

Ravjibhai K Chaudhari<sup>a</sup>, Ajit Singh Mahla<sup>a</sup>, Amit Kumar Singh<sup>a</sup>, Sanjay Kumar Singh<sup>a</sup>, Abhijit M Pawde<sup>b</sup>, GVPPS Ravi Kumar<sup>c</sup>, GyanendraSingh<sup>d</sup>, Mihir Sarkar<sup>d</sup>, Harendra Kumar<sup>a</sup>, Krishnaswamy Narayanan<sup>\*a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Division of Animal Reproduction, ICAR-Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareilly (U.P.), INDIA <sup>b</sup>Division of Veterinary surgery,ICAR-Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareilly (U.P.), INDIA <sup>c</sup>Division of Animal Biotechnology,ICAR-Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareilly (U.P.), INDIA <sup>d</sup>Division of Physiology and Climatology, ICAR-Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareilly (U.P.), INDIA

\*Corresponding author: K. Narayanan; Email: <u>vetnanny@gmail.com</u>

#### Highlights

- Fish oil rich in EPA and DHA was supplemented *per oral* for 8 weeks in the doe.
- Endometrium was collected by laparohysterotomy on day 16 post-estrus.
- Endometrial explant culture was done to study PG synthesis.
- Fish oil inhibited basal and OXT and/or roIFN $\tau$  induced production of PGF<sub>2 $\alpha$ </sub> and PGE<sub>2</sub>.
- Downregulation of COX-2 transcripts was the reason behind decreased PG production.

#### Abstract

Recently, we showed that dietary supplementation of n-3 PUFA rich fish oil (FO) decreased the metabolites of serum prostaglandin (PG)  $F_{2\alpha}$  and  $E_2$  during the window of pregnancy recognition in the doe. In this study, we investigated its effect on the changes on endometrial PG production *in vitro*. Cycling does (n=12) of Rohilkhand region were divided into two equal groups and fed a concentrate diet supplemented with either FO containing 26% n-3 PUFA (TRT; n=6) or palm oil (CON; n=6) @

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