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The biosynthesis of 15 N-labeled microcystins and the comparative MS/MS fragmentation of natural abundance and their 15 N-labeled congeners using LC-MS/ MS

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1 2 3	The biosynthesis of ¹⁵ N-labeled microcystins and the comparative MS/MS fragmentation of natural abundance and their ¹⁵ N-labeled congeners using LC-MS/MS
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9	
10	Abstract
11	The global need for accurate and sensitive quantitation of microcystins (MCs) persists as incidents of
12	cyanobacterial harmful algal blooms continue to rise and recent research reveals an underestimation of
13	the human health implications of these toxins. An optimal approach for their accurate quantitation
14	relies on the availability of stable isotope-labeled MC standards for use in stable isotope dilution analysis
15	(SIDA) strategies involving liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS). Due to the
16	dearth of isotopically labeled MCs, ten different ¹⁵ N-enriched MCs were biosynthesized from producing
17	cultures and fully characterized. This involved the comparative MS/MS fragmentation of natural
18	abundance or unlabeled metabolites with their ¹⁵ N-labeled congeners for improved confidence in
19	product ion annotation. These results revealed a series of incorrect annotations described previously in
20	the literature. In this manuscript, the biosynthesis of labeled microcystin is detailed, and their complete
21	analytical characterization for prospective use in targeted SIDA applications, such as routine water
22	testing is described.
23	

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25 Keywords: microcystin, cyanotoxin, hepatotoxin, isotope-labeled, mass spectrometry

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