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Authors: C.O. Lemley, L.E. Camacho, D.M. Hallford, K.A.

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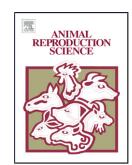
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Uteroplacental secretion of progesterone and estradiol-17 β in an ovine model of intrauterine growth restriction

C.O. Lemley^{a,*}, L.E. Camacho^b, D.M. Hallford^c, K.A. Vonnahme^b

^a Department of Animal and Dairy Sciences, Mississippi State University, Mississippi State, Mississippi 39762, USA

^bDepartment of Animal Sciences, North Dakota State University, Fargo, North Dakota 58108, USA

^cDepartment of Animal and Range Sciences, New Mexico State University, Las Cruces, New Mexico 88003, USA

*Corresponding author at: Box 9815, Mississippi State, MS 39762, USA; E-mail address: clemley@ads.msstate.edu (C.O. Lemley)

ABSTRACT

Using a mid to late gestation model of intrauterine growth restriction, uteroplacental secretion of progesterone and estradiol- 17β were examined. From day 50 to 130 of gestation, 31 ewe lambs were allocated to receive 100% (ADQ) or 60% (RES) of nutrient requirements. At day 130, umbilical and uterine artery blood flows were determined and blood samples were collected from maternal saphenous artery, gravid uterine vein, umbilical vein, and umbilical artery. Uteroplacental secretion of progesterone was increased in RES compared to ADQ fed dams. There was a net secretion and net metabolism of estradiol- 17β in RES, and ADQ fed dams, respectively.

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