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What are the scientific challenges in moving from targeted to non-targeted methods for food fraud testing and how can they be addressed? – Spectroscopy case study

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- 2 targeted methods for food fraud testing and how can they be
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- 14 Abstract
- 15 Background
- 16 The authenticity of foodstuffs and associated fraud has become an important area. It is estimated
- that global food fraud costs approximately \$US49b annually. In relation to testing for this
- malpractice, analytical technologies exist to detect fraud but are usually expensive and lab based.
- 19 However, recently there has been a move towards non-targeted methods as means for detecting
- 20 food fraud but the question arises if these techniques will ever be accepted as routine.
- 21 Scope and Approach
- 22 In this opinion paper, many aspects relating to the role of non-targeted spectroscopy based methods
- 23 for food fraud detection are considered: (i) a review of the current non-targeted spectroscopic
- 24 methods to include the general differences with targeted techniques; (ii) overview of in-house
- 25 validation procedures including samples, data processing and chemometric techniques with a view
- to recommending a harmonized procedure; (iii) quality assessments including QC samples, ring trials
- and reference materials; (iv) use of "big data" including recording, validation, sharing and joint usage
- 28 of databases.
- 29 Key findings and Conclusions
- 30 In order to keep pace with those who perpetrate food fraud there is clearly a need for robust and
- 31 reliable non-targeted methods that are available to many stakeholders. Key challenges faced by the
- 32 research and routine testing communities include: a lack of guidelines and legislation governing both
- 33 the development and validation of non-targeted methodologies, no common definition of terms,
- 34 difficulty in obtaining authentic samples with full traceability for model building; the lack of a single
- 35 chemometric modelling software that offers all the algorithms required by developers.
- 36 Keywords
- 37 Food Authenticity; Spectroscopy; Chemometric Model; Non-Targeted; Scientific Opinion;
- 38 Harmonisation
- 39 Introduction
- 40 Food fraud, in one guise or another, has been documented in literature since the times of the
- 41 ancient Greeks. However, in more recent times, food fraud has garnered much greater notoriety due

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