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PII: S0014-4827(17)30628-6  
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.yexcr.2017.11.024>  
Reference: YEXCR10824

To appear in: *Experimental Cell Research*

Received date: 2 August 2017  
Revised date: 8 November 2017  
Accepted date: 18 November 2017

Cite this article as: Jay H. Lo and Thomas T. Chen, Production of bioactive recombinant human Eb-peptide of pro-IGF-I and identification of binding components from the plasma membrane of human breast cancer cells (MDA-MB-231), *Experimental Cell Research*, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.yexcr.2017.11.024>

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# Production of bioactive recombinant human Eb-peptide of pro-IGF-I and identification of binding components from the plasma membrane of human breast cancer cells (MDA-MB-231)

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## Abstract

E-peptide of the pro-Insulin-like growth factor-I (pro-IGF-I) is produced from pre-pro-IGF-I by proteolytic cleavage in the post-translational processing. The human Eb-peptide (hEb-peptide), derived from the E domain of pro-IGF-IB isoform, is a bioactive molecule whose exact physiological role remains elusive. Accumulated evidence reported from our laboratory indicated that hEb-peptide possesses activity against multiple hallmark characteristics of solid tumor in different cancer cell types. In human breast carcinoma cells (MDA-MB-231), it was demonstrated that hEb-peptide can promote cell attachment to substratum, inhibit colony formation in a semisolid medium, reduce cancer cell

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