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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

"The current situation and trend of the donkey industry in South America"

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1. ABSTRACT

Donkey husbandry in South America is related to a social, cultural, economic and

ecological heritage. Its use is mainly based on agriculture, but is also important in

human feeding, production of hybrids and transportation. Mechanization of the

agricultural sector may cause concern as the decrease in the number of these animals

can result in a loss of genetic variability of the species, restricting the ability of

adaptation and evolution of this species. With the largest herd of these animals in

South America, Brazil hosts three types of donkeys brought from Europe or Africa

recognized as: a) Northeast (Ecotype) Donkey, a class of highly rustic animals adapted

to the adverse conditions of the Brazilian semi-arid region; b) Brazilian Donkey,

brought from Italy, with a close genetic relationship to African Donkeys; c) Pêga

Donkey, of Iberian origin, a special type of Donkey developed mainly in the state of

Minas Gerais for use in the mining industry. There are also researches performed in

biotechnology for production of gate donkeys such as AI and ET using mules and mares

as recipients. In the meat business, an abattoir for donkeys has been recently built in

the Northeast region with capacity to slaughter 500 donkeys a day to export skin and

meat to China. There are also projects to produce donkey milk, but still on a small

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