## Accepted Manuscript

The interplay of performing level and conformation – a characterisation study of the Lipizzan riding stallions from the Spanish Riding School Vienna

T. Druml, M. Dobretsberger, G. Brem

PII: S0737-0806(17)30034-5

DOI: 10.1016/j.jevs.2017.06.003

Reference: YJEVS 2336

To appear in: Journal of Equine Veterinary Science

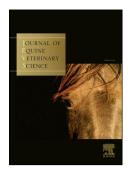
Received Date: 6 February 2017

Revised Date: 16 June 2017

Accepted Date: 20 June 2017

Please cite this article as: Druml T, Dobretsberger M, Brem G, The interplay of performing level and conformation – a characterisation study of the Lipizzan riding stallions from the Spanish Riding School Vienna, *Journal of Equine Veterinary Science* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.jevs.2017.06.003.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



### ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

## 1 The interplay of performing level and conformation – a characterisation study of the Lipizzan riding

- 2 stallions from the Spanish Riding School Vienna
- 3 Druml, T.<sup>1</sup>, Dobretsberger, M.<sup>1</sup> and Brem G.<sup>1</sup>

4 <sup>1</sup> Institute of Animal Breeding and Genetics, Department for Biomedical Sciences

5 University of Veterinary Medicine Vienna, Veterinärplatz 1, A-1210 Vienna

- 6
- 7 Corresponding author: Druml Thomas; email: thomas.druml@vetmeduni.ac.at; Institute of Animal
- 8 Breeding and Genetics, Department for Biomedical Sciences; University of Veterinary Medicine
- 9 Vienna, Veterinärplatz 1, A-1210 Vienna

10

### 11 Abstract:

12 Classical dressage and the schools above the ground as performed in the Spanish Riding School 13 Vienna, require special psychological and physical properties from riding horses. To document the 14 training and performing level of the Lipizzan riding stallions from the Spanish Riding School Vienna 15 we analysed the horses' performance traits retrieved from chief riders' evaluations in relation to 16 training levels and age classes and we studied the interplay of performing status with the horses' 17 body shape. In total the mean age of all 80 riding stallions was 11.9 years (min 4 years, max. 26 18 years). Completely trained stallions (competition level S and higher) were on average 15.6 years old 19 (min. 10 years, max. 26 years). From ten recorded performance traits (five physical traits and five 20 psychological traits) walk, trot and collection ratings showed significant differences for levadeurs, 21 caprioleurs and courbetteurs, the psychological traits reactibility, diligence and sensibility showed 22 significant differences between age class (3-4 years, 5-8 years, 9-16 years, >16 years) and number of 23 flying gallop changes. Further we found, that 80% of the chief riders' ratings of physical performance 24 traits reached significant levels in the shape regressions, indicating an association of their ratings 25 with body shape variation. The resulting mean body shapes from the significant regressions, 26 illustrated the requirements of the school above the ground and the classical dressage on the horses' 27 conformation. We showed that the evaluation of subjective ratings on valuating scales applying 28 shape regressions can help to optimize the quality of scoring data in equine performance traits. 29

30 Keywords: Dressage; performance level; rater reliability; shape regression; Geometric

- 31 Morphometrics
- 32
- 33 1. Introduction
- The Spanish Riding School (SRS) in Vienna, which was founded in 1672 and built in 1735, is the only one equestrian institution worldwide, that has a continuous line of development from the very first
- 36 beginning of equestrian arts in renaissance times up to nowadays. Although comparable schools
- 37 were spread all over Europe, they were closed during the 19<sup>th</sup> and the early 20<sup>th</sup> century. Another
- 38 characteristic is the focus of this equestrian institution on classical dressage (champagne school) and
- 39 on schools above the ground [1,2], following the principles of a horse-adequate and age-adequate
- 40 training method. Together with the Federal Austrian stud farm in Piber the Spanish Riding School
- 41 represents a complex where both, the breeding of horses and the equestrian part interact with each
- 42 other. The aim of the stud farm is to deliver adequate riding stallions, whereas the School acts like a
- 43 testing station interacting with selection decisions in breeding matters. Up to now the equestrian

Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8483324

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8483324

Daneshyari.com