Accepted Manuscript

Improving household tilapia (*Oreochromis mossambicus*) aquaculture through participatory action research

Daykin Harohau, Reuben J. Sulu, Michael J. Phillips, Meshach Sukulu, Tim Pickering, Anne Maree Schwarz

 PII:
 S0044-8486(16)30480-X

 DOI:
 doi:10.1016/j.aquaculture.2016.09.024

 Reference:
 AQUA 632324

To appear in: Aquaculture

Received date:25 November 2015Revised date:26 May 2016Accepted date:12 September 2016



Please cite this article as: Harohau, Daykin, Sulu, Reuben J., Phillips, Michael J., Sukulu, Meshach, Pickering, Tim, Schwarz, Anne Maree, Improving household tilapia (*Oreochromis mossambicus*) aquaculture through participatory action research, *Aquaculture* (2016), doi:10.1016/j.aquaculture.2016.09.024

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Improving household tilapia (*Oreochromis mossambicus*) aquaculture through participatory action research

Daykin Harohau^{a,*}, Reuben J. Sulu^a, Michael J. Phillips^{ab}, Meshach Sukulu^a, Tim Pickering^b, Anne Maree Schwarz^a

^aWorldFish, P.O Box 438, Honiara, Solomon Islands

^{ab}WorldFish, Batu Maung, 11960 Bayan Lepas, Penang, Malaysia

^bSecretariat of the Pacific Community, Private Mail Bag, Suva, Fiji Islands

Corresponding author: Reuben J. Sulu, email: r.sulu@cgiar.org

Key words: aquaculture, on-farm trial, participatory action research, Solomon Islands, Mozambique tilapia

Abstract

Land based aquaculture has the potential to mitigate future shortfalls of food fish supply in Solomon Islands. However, aquaculture is relatively new in the Pacific and such potential is hampered by a lack of aquaculture knowledge and practice within local cultures. A participatory action research approach was used to conduct on-farm trials with farmers in Solomon Islands to develop relevant and improved ways of farming and maximising productivity of the resident exotic tilapia *Oreochromis mossambicus*. During the 34 month period when the research was undertaken improvements were evident, through increased farmer participation and improved knowledge of farmers on pond design and fish husbandry techniques. One of the contributing factors to improved farmer understanding was the production of knowledge products which were co-developed with and based on the farmers' local context. Productivity of a typical 20-38 m² pond ranged from 726 to 1819 kg ha⁻¹ year⁻¹. Because 80% of this production was consumed by

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8493677

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8493677

Daneshyari.com