Accepted Manuscript

Layer-by-layer nanocoating of antibacterial niosome on orthopedic implant

Anupma Dwivedi, Anisha Mazumder, Norased Nasongkla

PII:	\$0378-5173(18)30389-2
DOI:	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijpharm.2018.05.075
Reference:	IJP 17546
To appear in:	International Journal of Pharmaceutics
Received Date:	7 February 2018
Revised Date:	5 May 2018
Accepted Date:	31 May 2018



Please cite this article as: A. Dwivedi, A. Mazumder, N. Nasongkla, Layer-by-layer nanocoating of antibacterial niosome on orthopedic implant, *International Journal of Pharmaceutics* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijpharm.2018.05.075

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Layer-by-layer nanocoating of antibacterial niosome on orthopedic implant

Anupma Dwivedi^a, Anisha Mazumder^a, Norased Nasongkla^{a*}

^aDepartment of ^aBiomedical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Mahidol University,

Nakorn Pathom, 73170 Thailand.

^{*}Corresponding author, phone: 662-889-2138 ext 6357; fax: 662-899-2138 ext 6367; e-mail: norased.nas@mahidol.ac.th

Conflict of interest: None

Abstract

The major clinical hindrance of orthopedic implants is the bacterial infection, which can lead to biofilm formation and ultimately results in implant rejection. In this research, layer-by-layer nanocoating consists of vancomycin/PLA/vancomycin-loaded niosomes was designed. Vancomycin-loaded niosomes were formulated by thin film hydration method and the attributes of niosomes in terms of size, zeta potential, drug loading and EE, were assessed. The size was 340.5 ± 2.95 nm with the zeta potential and %EE was 45.4 ± 0.77 mV and $50.47 \pm 3.66\%$ respectively. The dip coating technique was used to deposit a thin film, which was characterized morphologically under FE-SEM. Drug release from coated bone plates with and without vancomycin-loaded niosomes have accumulated more vancomycin than the control group and hence aided in the prolonged release up to two weeks. These niosomes-coated bone plates demonstrated superior antibacterial activity for longer time period, without exhibiting any cytotoxic effects towards normal cells (L929). These findings offer a promising approach to

1

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8519733

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8519733

Daneshyari.com