Accepted Manuscript

Antiviral drug screening by assessing epithelial functions and innate immune responses in human 3D airway epithelium model

Bernadett Boda, Sacha Benaoudia, Song Huang, Rosy Bonfante, Ludovic Wiszniewski, Eirini D. Tseligka, Caroline Tapparel, Samuel Constant

PII: S0166-3542(17)30735-0

DOI: 10.1016/j.antiviral.2018.06.007

Reference: AVR 4311

To appear in: Antiviral Research

- Received Date: 3 November 2017
- Revised Date: 4 June 2018

Accepted Date: 7 June 2018

Please cite this article as: Boda, B., Benaoudia, S., Huang, S., Bonfante, R., Wiszniewski, L., Tseligka, E.D., Tapparel, C., Constant, S., Antiviral drug screening by assessing epithelial functions and innate immune responses in human 3D airway epithelium model, *Antiviral Research* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.antiviral.2018.06.007.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



Antiviral drug screening by assessing epithelial functions and innate immune responses in human 3D airway epithelium model

Bernadett Boda¹, Sacha Benaoudia¹, Song Huang¹, Rosy Bonfante¹, Ludovic Wiszniewski¹, Eirini D. Tseligka², Caroline Tapparel², Samuel Constant¹

¹Epithelix , 18 Chemin des Aulx, Plan-les-Ouates, CH-1228, Geneva, Switzerland; ²Department of Microbiology and Molecular Medicine, University of Geneva Medical School, Geneva, Switzerland

* Corresponding author: bernadett.boda@epithelix.com

1. Abstract

Respiratory viral infections cause mild to severe diseases, such as common cold, bronchiolitis and pneumonia and are associated with substantial burden for society. To test new molecules for shortening, alleviating the diseases or to develop new therapies, relevant human *in vitro* models are mandatory. MucilAir[™], a human standardized air-liquid interface 3D airway epithelial culture holds *in vitro* specific mechanisms to counter invaders comparable to the *in vivo* situation, such as mucus production, mucociliary clearance, and secretion of defensive molecules. The objective of this study was to test the relevance of such a model for the discovery and validation of antiviral drugs. Fully differentiated 3D nasal epithelium cultures Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8523086

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8523086

Daneshyari.com