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Validation of a preclinical animal model to assess brain recovery after acute stroke

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Abstract

This study was to validate the animal model for the research in the stage of recovery and sequela of ischemic stroke. For its recognized many advantages and widespread applications, middle cerebral artery occlusion / reperfusion (MCAO/R) in Male Sprague-Dawley rats was chosen to be the foundation model. Then the weight of rats (260-330g), the thread bolt type (2636/2838/3040/3043), the time of brain infarct (2/3h) were tested to choose the larger infarct volume, higher Longa's score and model success rate through Longa's score and TTC staining. Finally, optimum condition of model was used in long period

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