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Tracheal intubation in a simulated cervical spine immobilisation: the Macintosh laryngoscope versus supraglottic airway devices - a manikin study

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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

| 1        | Tracheal intubation in a simulated cervical spine immobilisation:                                    |
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| 2        | the Macintosh laryngoscope versus supraglottic airway devices - a manikin                            |
| 3        | study  |
| 4        | study  |
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| 18       |  |
| 19       | Abstract   |
| 20       | <b>Background.</b> Airway management is performed with simultaneous cervical spine                   |
| 21       | immobilisation in trauma patients and is regarded as the gold standard. Application of spinal        |
| 22       | stabilisation may significantly worsen direct laryngoscopy and make intubation more                  |
| 23       | difficult. Supraglottic airway devices may also be used for intubation. The aim of this study        |
| 24       | was to evaluate the Macintosh laryngoscope, the Classic Laryngeal Mask Airway and the I-             |
| 25       | gel used for blind intubation by experienced paramedics. Cervical collar was used to simulate        |
| 26       | reduced cervical spine mobility.   |
| 27       | Materials and methods. Fifty-five experienced and active paramedics participated in the              |
| 28       | study (F=25, M=30). The intubation-to-successful-ventilation time was recorded. Efficacy of          |
| 29       | intubation and the ease of use by the operator were also assessed. All devices under study           |
| 30       | were used by each participant and they were randomly chosen. All participants were trained           |
| 31       | in supraglottic airway devices insertion and intubation although they were not experts in the        |
| 32       | latter as each of the paramedics performed less than 20 intubations.                                 |
| 33       | <b>Results.</b> The mean intubation-to-ventilation time was the shortest when the I-gel device was   |
| 34       | used 28.2 s (±2.09). This was statistically significant when compared to both the Classic            |
| 35       | Laryngeal Mask Airway (p=0.0344) and the Macintosh laryngoscope (p<0.0001). Both of the              |
| 36       | studied supraglottic airway devices achieved an overall 100% successful intubation rate and          |
| 37       | required maximum 2 attempts out of 3 allowed.  |
| 38       | Conclusion. The I-gel and the Classic Laryngeal Mask Airway were superior to the                     |
| 39       | Macintosh laryngoscope as they shortened the time required to intubate and successfully              |
| 40       | ventilate the patient. They also improved the rate of successful intubation.                         |
| 41       |  |
| 42       | Key words: supraglottic airway device, intubation, manikin study, cervical spine                     |
| 43       | immobilisation, Macintosh laryngoscope   |
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