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ARHGEF11 affecting the placental insulin signaling pathway in fetal macrosomia of normal glucose tolerance pregnant women

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1	ARHGEF11 Affecting the Placental Insulin Signaling Pathway in Fetal
2	Macrosomia of Normal Glucose Tolerance Pregnant Women
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8	Keywords: macrosomia; ARHGEF11; insulin signaling pathway
9	Abstract
10	Introduction: Fetal macrosomia has confirmed be related to multiple labor
11	complications and metabolism syndromes later in life. However, the mechanism
12	of fetal macrosomia in normal glucose tolerance (NGT) and gestational diabetes
13	mellitus (GDM) pregnant women is still obscure. This study aimed to
14	investigate the mechanism of Rho guanine nucleotide exchange factor 11
15	(ARHGEF11) and the insulin signaling pathway in placenta affecting fetal
16	overgrowth in NGT and GDM pregnant women.
17	Methods: Eighty-nine pregnant women with paired antepartum BMI were
18	recruited and divided them into four groups: NGT with normal birth weight
19	(NGT-N, n=30) or macrosomia (NGT-M, n=22) and GDM with normal birth
20	weight (GDM-N, n=22) or macrosomia (GDM-M, n=15). Placenta tissue was
21	collected to examine the expression of ARHGEF11, ROCK1, the

phosphorylation of Tyr612 IRS-1 (p-Y612), Ser307 IRS-1 (p-S307), PI3K, AKT,

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