

Author's Accepted Manuscript

The Relationship between Thermal Environments and Clothing Insulation for Elderly Individuals in Shanghai, China

Yu Jiao, Hang Yu, Tian Wang, Yusong An, Yifan Yu



PII: S0306-4565(16)30435-1
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jtherbio.2017.07.002>
Reference: TB1954

To appear in: *Journal of Thermal Biology*

Received date: 4 January 2017
Revised date: 6 July 2017
Accepted date: 10 July 2017

Cite this article as: Yu Jiao, Hang Yu, Tian Wang, Yusong An and Yifan Yu, The Relationship between Thermal Environments and Clothing Insulation for Elderly Individuals in Shanghai, China, *Journal of Thermal Biology* <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jtherbio.2017.07.002>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and a review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

The Relationship between Thermal Environments and Clothing Insulation for Elderly Individuals in Shanghai, China

Yu Jiao¹, Hang Yu^{1*}, Tian Wang¹, Yusong An¹, Yifan Yu²

¹ School of Mechanical Engineering, Tongji University, Shanghai, China

² College of architecture and urban planning, Tongji University, Shanghai 201804, China

* Corresponding author: Prof. Hang Yu, E-mail: tjyuhang@163.com

Abstract

The relationship between thermal environmental parameters and clothing insulation is an important element in improving thermal comfort for the elderly. A field study was conducted on the indoor, transition space, and outdoor thermal environments of 17 elderly facilities in Shanghai, China. A random questionnaire survey was used to gather data from 672 valid samples. A statistical analysis of the data was conducted, and multiple linear regression models were established to quantify the relationships between clothing insulation, respondent age, indoor air temperature, and indoor relative humidity. Results indicated that the average thermal insulation of winter and summer clothing is 1.38 clo and 0.44 clo, respectively, for elderly men and 1.39 clo and 0.45 clo, respectively, for elderly women. It was also found that the thermal insulation of winter clothing is linearly correlated with age, and that there were seasonal differences in the relationship between clothing insulation and the environment. During winter, the clothing insulation is negatively correlated only with indoor temperature parameters (air temperature and operative temperature) for elderly males, while it is negatively correlated with indoor temperature parameters as well as transition space and outdoor air temperature for elderly females. In summer, clothing insulation for both elderly males and females is negatively correlated with outdoor temperature, as well as indoor temperature parameters (air temperature and operative temperature). The thermal insulation of summer clothing is also negatively correlated with transitional space temperature for males.

Keywords: Thermal Environment; Clothing Insulation; Elderly People; Shanghai

1. Introduction

Clothes, which act as a barrier between the human body and external elements, have an important influence on the exchange of heat and humidity between the human body and the environment, which influences human heat balance (Havenith, 2003; Voelker et al., 2009; Talukdar et al., 2016). Clothing allows the wearer to consciously

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8650186>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/8650186>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)