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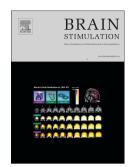
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Closed-loop intracranial stimulation alters movement timing in humans

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Abbreviated title: Closed-loop motor system stimulation

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Highlights:

- In humans, the supplementary motor area manifests characteristic neural activity just prior to voluntary movement.
- We developed a closed-loop deep brain stimulation system capable of detecting this activity and stimulating the SMA before movement occurs.
- Stimulation based on closed-loop detection of SMA activity resulted in significant slowing of motor behavior.
- Stimulation using an identical protocol outside the SMA did not result in significant slowing of motor behavior.
- This is the first report of a human closed loop system designed to alter movement using direct cortical recordings and direct stimulation.

The authors declare no competing financial interests.

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