Accepted Manuscript

Title: Predictive risk factors for chronic low back pain in

Parkinson's disease

Authors: Erhan Arif Ozturk, Bilge Gonenli Kocer

PII: S0303-8467(17)30347-5

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clineuro.2017.12.011

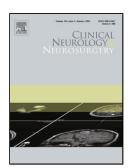
Reference: CLINEU 4856

To appear in: Clinical Neurology and Neurosurgery

Received date: 10-6-2017 Revised date: 9-10-2017 Accepted date: 9-12-2017

Please cite this article as: Ozturk Erhan Arif, Kocer Bilge Gonenli. Predictive risk factors for chronic low back pain in Parkinson's disease. *Clinical Neurology and Neurosurgery* https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clineuro.2017.12.011

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Predictive risk factors for chronic low back pain in Parkinson's disease

Erhan Arif Ozturk¹, Bilge Gonenli Kocer²

¹ Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Clinic, University of Health Sciences, Diskapi Yildirim Beyazit Training and Research Hospital, Ankara, Turkey

² Neurology Clinic, University of Health Sciences, Diskapi Yildirim Beyazit Training and Research Hospital, Ankara, Turkey

Highlights

- Pain is a prominent symptom in PD, and the prevalence of pain ranges from 40% to 85%. The most common pain type in PD is musculoskeletal pain, and the frequency of musculoskeletal pain is estimated up to 70% of PD patients with pain. The prevalence of low back pain in studies was detected to range between 59.6% and 74%.
- In the overall population risk factors of chronic low back pain include age, overweight, a sedentary lifestyle, smoking, heavy physical work, repetitive lifting, twisting, prolonged standing in an awkward posture and psychological factors while the extent of additional contribution of PD-related symptoms and complications to this higher rate is not known.
- Prevalence rates of chronic low back pain in the group with PD and the control group were 48.2% and 26.7%, respectively with a significant intergroup difference.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8682022

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8682022

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>