

Accepted Manuscript

Neuroimage special issue on brain segmentation and parcellation - Editorial

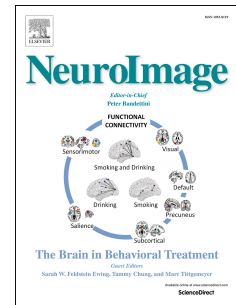
R. Cameron Craddock, Pierre Bellec, Saad Jbabdi

PII: S1053-8119(17)31009-1

DOI: [10.1016/j.neuroimage.2017.11.063](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.neuroimage.2017.11.063)

Reference: YNIMG 14510

To appear in: *NeuroImage*



Please cite this article as: Craddock, R.C., Bellec, P., Jbabdi, S., Neuroimage special issue on brain segmentation and parcellation - Editorial, *NeuroImage* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.neuroimage.2017.11.063.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Neuroimage special issue on brain segmentation and parcellation - editorial

R. Cameron Craddock¹, Pierre Bellec^{2,3}, Saad Jbabdi⁴

¹Department of Diagnostic Medicine, Dell Medical School, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, United States of America

²Département d'Informatique et Recherche Opérationnelle, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Canada

³Centre de recherche de l'institut Universitaire de Gériatrie de Montréal, Montréal, Canada

⁴Oxford Centre for Functional MRI of the Brain, University of Oxford, Oxford, United Kingdom

0. Introduction

The 38 papers of this Neuroimage special issue on brain parcellation and segmentation provide a snapshot of a vibrant area of neuroimaging research. Parcellation, segmentation, clustering, community detection, etc., are different names for techniques aimed at dividing a collection of examples into subsets with similar statistical properties. Although clustering methods are used to solve seemingly disparate problems in neuroimaging, they all share the common goal of providing a broad understanding of the data, while abstracting away less relevant finer-grained information. So when the time came to write this editorial, we could not resist using a cluster analysis to organize these 38 papers into data-driven categories. We used a bag-of-words approach implemented in scikitlearn (Pedregosa et al. 2011) to measure the pairwise similarity between the abstracts of the papers. Using hierarchical clustering, we subdivided the papers into 7 categories (Figure 1a) and identified the 20 most relevant words for each category (Figure 1b)¹. We used these categories in the following sections to provide a brief synopsis of the special issue's content.

----- Figure 1 about here -----

Figure legends

Figure 1. Panel a shows the correlation matrix between features extracted from the abstracts of the 38 papers included in this special issue. The papers were re-ordered to highlight categories of papers: each of the seven black squares on the diagonal highlights the similarity between papers belonging to the same category. Note that values within a square tend to be larger than values outside of squares, suggesting an appropriate cluster structure was identified. Panel b shows clouds of the most relevant words in the abstracts within each category, shaped as the category number.

1. Functional connectivity parcellation

With the exception of the description of a macaque brain template, this first (N=9) category of papers introduces new approaches to build or evaluate functional parcellations. (Arslan et al. 2017) compared tens of functional parcellation methods using a large array of metrics and

¹ The data used to implement the paper classification, as well as a notebook including all steps of the analysis are available on <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.5497468>. The notebook can be executed on jupyter hub through this link https://mybinder.org/v2/gh/SIMEXP/si_parcellation_segmentation/0.4?urlpath=si_parcellation_segmentation-0.4%2Feditorial_NIMG_brain_segmentation_parcellation.ipynb.

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8687119>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/8687119>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)