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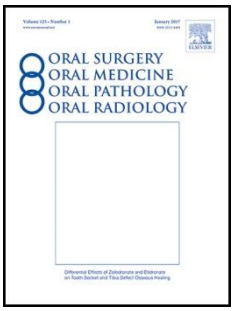

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Non-invasive diagnostic adjuncts for the evaluation of potentially premalignant oral epithelial lesions: current limitations and future directions

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Statement of clinical relevance

Existing methods to evaluate oral premalignant lesions often lead to sub-optimal diagnosis and management, increasing the global oral cancer burden. Novel *in vivo* microscopy technologies allow clinicians to visualize microscopic tissue features at the point-of-care to facilitate evidence-based patient care.

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