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Tuberculosis

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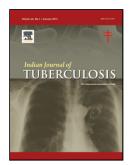
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1	Highlights
2	• Early and accurate monitoring of treatment outcomes can significantly help in preventing emergence of drug resistant tuberculosis.
4 5 6	 Smear microscopy is a universally marker for assessing the treatment response in tuberculosis despite of its inability to categorically distinguish between viable and non- viable bacilli.
7 8	• Various other tools are being researched upon to explore the most suitable and definitive measure to analyze positive treatment outcomes in patients.
9 10	• The current review discusses various traditional and newer approaches for monitoring the treatment response to explore their potential as possible surrogate markers for studying
11	treatment efficacy.
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