## Accepted Manuscript

Substitution of egg yolk with different concentrations of soybean lecithin in tris-based extender during bulls' semen preservability

Dr. Gamal A. Sisy, Walid S. El-Nattat, Reda I. El-Sheshtawy, Amal M. Abo El-Maaty

PII: S2305-0500(16)30181-6

DOI: 10.1016/j.apjr.2016.10.011

Reference: APJR 123

To appear in: Asian Pacific Journal of Reproduction

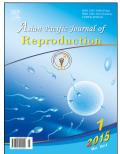
Received Date: 21 August 2016

Revised Date: 24 October 2016

Accepted Date: 25 October 2016

Please cite this article as: Sisy GA, El-Nattat WS, El-Sheshtawy RI, Abo El-Maaty AM, Substitution of egg yolk with different concentrations of soybean lecithin in tris-based extender during bulls' semen preservability, *Asian Pacific Journal of Reproduction* (2016), doi: 10.1016/j.apjr.2016.10.011.

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



### 1 Substitution of egg yolk with different concentrations of soybean lecithin in tris-

#### 2 based extender during bulls' semen preservability

3 Gamal A. Sisy, Walid S. El-Nattat, Reda I. El-Sheshtawy, Amal M. Abo El-Maaty

4 Animal Reproduction and AI Dept., National Research Center, Dokki, Egypt

#### 5 Abstract

Nowadays, the substitution of egg yolk with low bacterial attack stuff in the semen
extender is the main target all over the world. The plant source was proofed to be
excellent substitute for egg yolk especially soybean extracts. Soybean lecithin is one of
those extracts that has been recently discovered.

10 Aim: the present study aimed to investigate the effect of various concentrations of

soybean lecithin (SL) as an alternative for egg yolk in bull semen extender on post-chilling and post-thaw sperm quality characteristics.

Methods: Semen ejaculates were collected from three mature bulls' once/week for 5 13 weeks. After initial evaluation the approved ejaculates were pooled and extended 14 15 gradually 1:7 with tris-citrate-fructose egg yolk (TCFY) extender (control) and triscitrate-fructose (TCF) + different concentration of soybean lecithin (0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 16 2.5, 3.0, 3.5 and 4.0%) to ensure 60 million motile spermatozoa.ml<sup>-1</sup>, and then proceeded 17 an adopted international cryopreservation protocol. Frozen straws were thawed at 37 °C 18 for 30 s. The parameters studied were sperm motility, viability, abnormality, membrane 19 20 integrity (HOST) and normal intact acrosome percentages in chilled and frozen-thawed 21 semen.

Corresponding author: Dr. Gamal A. El-Sisy, Animal Reproduction and Artificial Insemination Dept., National Research Centre, Dokki, Giza, Egypt. Mobil: 202 01121410020, Fax: 202-37601877, Mail Address: <u>gelsisy@yahoo.com</u>, Postal code: 12622, NRC, Dokki, Egypt. Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8753974

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8753974

Daneshyari.com