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#### Short communication

# The impact of a peer support group for children with rheumatic heart disease in Uganda

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#### ABSTRACT

Objective: To assess the impact of a peer-support group on knowledge, quality of life, and social support for children with rheumatic heart disease (RHD).

Methods: Children diagnosed with RHD and receiving 4-weekly injectable penicillin were invited to participate in a monthly support group for 6 months. Pre- and post-intervention assessments included a baseline RHD knowledge assessment, a measure of health related quality of life (HRQOL) (PedsQL<sub>TM</sub>4.0), and a measure of social support (Hawthorne Friendship Scale). Groups incorporated elements of cooperative play and team building, RHD education, and emotional support.

Results: 42 participants attended  $\geq$ 3 groups and were included in the analyses. Attending support groups resulted in increased total HRQOL scores (60.3 v 70.2, p < 0.001), as well as the following HRQOL subscores (physical functioning 55.3 v 68.6 (p < 0.001), social functioning 64.2 v 75.8 (p < 0.001) and school functioning 59.2 v 69.1 (p = 0.001)). Significant increases in Friendship Scale scores (15.4 v 19.7, p < 0.001) and RHD Knowledge scores were observed (3.6 v 6.4, p < 0.001).

Conclusions: Peer-support groups may be effective at normalizing decreased HRQOL scores and increasing RHD disease knowledge and social support.

*Practical implications:* Peer-support groups implemented in conjunction with RHD screening can minimize the negative psychosocial effects associated with early RHD detection.

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#### 1. Introduction

Rheumatic heart disease (RHD) is a leading cause of early cardiovascular disease morbidity and mortality in low- and middle-income countries [1,2]. Echocardiographic screening for RHD has the potential to reduce cardiovascular morbidity and mortality. However, a recent study of children in Gulu, Uganda showed that being diagnosed with latent RHD was associated with reduced physical and emotional quality of life scores even when patients were clinically asymptomatic [5].

positive screening result. To our knowledge this is the first time a support group was studied amongst pediatric patients with RHD. Here, we examine the impact of a support group on RHD knowledge, health-related quality of life (HRQOL) and social support for children diagnosed with RHD.

As early RHD detection efforts expand, it is critically important to diminish the negative psychological impact associated with a

#### 2. Methods

#### 2.1. Study site and population

A peer-support group was established in Gulu, Uganda in 2016. Children (6–15 years) diagnosed with clinical RHD or definite latent RHD (2012 WHF criteria) [6] and receiving monthly intramuscular penicillin prophylaxis were eligible to attend.

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#### 2.2. Support group structure

The group met for two-hours every 4 weeks for 6 months. Following an aerobic warm-up, attendees rotated between support and educational programming. Educational programming provided RHD knowledge, and attempted to dispel commonly voiced fears and misconceptions heard at the RHD clinic (Table 1, Fig. 1). The support element consisted of teambuilding and a project-focused discussion about children's experience with RHD (Table 1).

#### 2.3. Variables and measures

Demographic data for all participants were obtained through chart review of the Uganda National RHD Registry [7].

At the beginning and end of the program, a RHD knowledge assessment, a measure of pediatric HRQOL (PedsQL<sub>TM</sub>4.0) [8], and a measure of pediatric social support (the Hawthorne Friendship Scale) [9] were assessed.

Transcripts of the support piece were kept for analysis. A minute evaluation was individually administered at the end of each session to capture responses to "what did you like best about today's session", "what could be improved", and "how useful was this session", with extremely useful, somewhat useful, and not useful, as the possible responses.

#### 2.4. Ethical procedure

All children gave written informed assent and had written informed consent from at least one parent/guardian. The Institutional Review Boards of Makerere University, Kampala, Uganda, The Ugandan Council for Science and Technology, and Children's National Health System, Washington, DC approved the study.

#### 2.5. Statistical analysis

Study data were collected and managed using the REDCap electronic data-capture system hosted at Children's National Health System [7]. Data analyses were undertaken using MedCalc for Windows version 12.2 (Ostend, Belgium). Baseline demographic, clinical, and echocardiographic data were summarized

using mean and standard deviation, and median and interquartile range, where appropriate. After confirming normality of distribution, Two-tailed Student's t-tests were used to compare RHD knowledge score, PedsQL $_{TM}$ 4.0 categorical and total scaled scores, and Friendship scale scores pre- and post-support group participation. Results were expressed as a mean  $\pm$  standard deviation.

#### 3. Results

Of the 52 children eligible to participate, 42 (81%) attended  $\ge$ 3 sessions and were included in the subsequent analyses (Table 2).

#### 3.1. PedsQL<sub>TM</sub>4.0

All participants demonstrated improvements in HRQOL with an increase in the total PedsQL $_{TM}$ 4.0 scaled score after program participation (Fig. 2). Additionally, there were significant increases in 3 of 4 sub-scales including physical functioning, social functioning and school functioning (Fig. 2).

#### 3.2. RHD knowledge assessment

Participants' knowledge of RHD increased significantly, with baseline knowledge scores of 36% increasing to 64% (Fig. 3A). Additionally, children repeatedly commented on the minute evaluation (109 times) that they enjoyed the educational component of the group.

#### 3.3. The Hawthorne friendship scale

Improvement was observed in the social connectedness of participants. The group's overall mean Friendship scaled score of 15.4 (low friendship acuity) increased to 19.7 after participation (high friendship acuity) (Fig. 3B).

#### 3.4. Minute evaluations

Over the study period, 241 unique Minute evaluations were collected. Participants described the group as "extremely useful" 96% of the time, with 100% of participants describing at least one session as "extremely useful".

**Table 1**Activities conducted at each monthly support group session.

Session	RHD Knowledge		Support Component	
	Topics	Supporting material/Activity	Activity	Discussion starter
1 2	N/A Bacteria and strep throat: How one gets RHD and how it can be prevented	Baseline RHD Knowledge Quiz Group discussion on myths and fears surrounding RHD	QOL and Friendship Scale assessment Obstacle course in pairs (one partner is blindfolded led by verbal cues from the other)	N/A Trust: How did it feel to trust someone you just met? Does this relate to your diagnosis with RHD?
3	The heart: Anatomy, function and importance	Coloring activity: filling in a black and white image of the heart with red and blue crayons to represent blood flow through the heart	Hula Hoop pass: hold hands and then pass a hula hoop around the circle without unclasping partners hand	Challenges: what obstacles or "hoops" have you had to jump through because of your diagnosis with RHD?
4	The heart: How RHD affects anatomy and function. How RHD is diagnosed	Children listened to their own heart with stethoscope Viewing of Echo images of affected Mitral and Aortic valves	Paper Plate Face Mask: create a mask that represents the strongest version of yourself	Feelings: How do you feel when others find out you have RHD? Do they treat you differently?
5	Treatment: Importance of monthly penicillin injections and routine follow ups	Group discussion on myths and fears surrounding penicillin injections	Penicillin Adherence key chains: children spelled out name in beads and then received a heart bead for being in the support group. At each penicillin clinic the children get a new bead to add to the chain	Monthly injections: How do you feel when you have to miss school for injections? Do you tell people where you are going?
6	N/A	Post-intervention RHD knowledge quiz	QOL and Friendship Scale assessment	N/A

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