

Accepted Manuscript

Title: Transvaginal sonographic assessment of bladder wall thickness; methodology and statistical issues on reproducibility and accuracy

Author: Siamak Sabour

PII: S0301-2115(18)30120-9
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejogrb.2018.03.022>
Reference: EURO 10272

To appear in: *EURO*

Received date: 1-12-2017



Please cite this article as: Sabour Siamak. Transvaginal sonographic assessment of bladder wall thickness; methodology and statistical issues on reproducibility and accuracy. *European Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology and Reproductive Biology* <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejogrb.2018.03.022>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Transvaginal sonographic assessment of bladder wall thickness; methodology and statistical issues on reproducibility and accuracy

Siamak Sabour, MD, PhD ^{1,2}

¹ Safety Promotion and Injury Prevention Research Center, Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences, Tehran I.R. Iran

² Department of Clinical Epidemiology, School of Health, Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, I.R. Iran

Corresponding contributor: Siamak Sabour, MD, MSc, DSc, PhD, Postdoc

Chamran Highway, Velenjak, Daneshjoo Blvd, School of Health, Safety Promotion and Injury Prevention Research Center, Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, I.R. Iran, PC: 198353-5511

E: s.sabour@sbmu.ac.ir

T: +98-21- 22421814

Type of article: Letter to the editor

Total number of pages:1

Total number of figure:0

Source(s) of support: None

Conflicts of interest: No

To the editor, I was interested to read the paper by Rachaneni S *et al.* published in the Nov 2017 issue of *Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol* [1]. The purpose of the authors was to assess whether transvaginal sonographic measurements of bladder wall thickness (BWT) have adequate reproducibility to detect differences in BWT potentially indicative of detrusor overactivity in women with overactive bladder. Three reproducibility studies

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8778056>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/8778056>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)