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Increased sensitivity to sad faces in depressive symptomatology: A longitudinal study

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Highlights

- Negative bias of facial expression recognition is found in clinical depression
- It is unknown if this applies to individuals with nonclinical depressive symptoms
- Students with higher depressive symptoms had higher sensitivity to sad faces
- Negative bias at baseline predicts the change of depressive symptoms in 3 months
- Negative bias could be an objective assessment tools for depression

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