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Traumatic Stress and Cellular Senescence: The Role of War-Captivity and Homecoming Stressors in Later Life Telomere Length

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Highlights

- Some but not all stressors predicted telomere length (TL) in ex-POWs' later life.
- Solitary confinement during captivity but not physical abuse predicted shorter TL.
- Feeling lonely, accused and losing one's place in the family predicted shorter TL.
- Psychosocial stressors at homecoming may implicate TL in ex-POWs' later life.
- The quality of social relations may be crucial for TL in the aftermath of captivity.

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