

## Accepted Manuscript

Young adult cognitive ability and subsequent major depression in a cohort of 666,804 Danish men

Gunhild Tidemann Christensen , Maarten Pieter Rozing ,  
Erik Lykke Mortensen , Kaare Christensen , Merete Osler

PII: S0165-0327(17)32527-2  
DOI: [10.1016/j.jad.2018.04.035](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2018.04.035)  
Reference: JAD 9689



To appear in: *Journal of Affective Disorders*

Received date: 8 December 2017  
Revised date: 2 March 2018  
Accepted date: 4 April 2018

Please cite this article as: Gunhild Tidemann Christensen , Maarten Pieter Rozing , Erik Lykke Mortensen , Kaare Christensen , Merete Osler , Young adult cognitive ability and subsequent major depression in a cohort of 666,804 Danish men, *Journal of Affective Disorders* (2018), doi: [10.1016/j.jad.2018.04.035](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2018.04.035)

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

### Highlights

- A cohort of 666,804 men was followed from young adulthood until late mid-life
- Lower cognitive ability was associated to higher risk of adult major depression
- The association was stronger for single depressive episodes with early-onset
- The association did not differ according to MD severity
- The influence of cognitive ability on re-occurrence was less strong
- Premorbid cognitive ability should be a part of the depression risk assessment

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8815337>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/8815337>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)