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Parsing positivity in the bipolar spectrum: The effect of context on social decision-making

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Abstract

Introduction

People with bipolar disorder often show more approach-related behavior and positive appraisals of others during social interactions. This may be due to an increased sensitivity to positive contexts or to tendencies toward positive affectivity. In this study, we investigated the influence of reward versus prosocial positive contexts on social decision-making in people at high ($n=21$) and low ($n=111$) risk for bipolar disorder.

Methods

Participants completed a computerized task consisting of two blocks. In the No Context block, participants were presented with a face and asked to make decisions related to approach, appraisal, and trust behavior toward that person. In the Context block, designed to assess the

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