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The influence of front-of-package nutrition claims on food perceptions and purchase intentions among Nepali consumers<sup>1</sup>

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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1	Title Page—FQAP 3444
2	Full title: The influence of front-of-package nutrition claims on food perceptions and
3	purchase intentions among Nepali consumers
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18	Abstract: Obesity is increasing in countries undergoing nutrition transition (e.g., Nepal)
19	largely due to changing food environments. Food choices are influenced by marketing
20	and packaging, including front-of-pack nutrition claims (FOPNCs). Although FOPNCs
21	can help consumers identify healthful foods, these claims can also lead consumers to
22	unduly attribute healthfulness to unhealthful food products. This study investigated the
23	effects of FOPNCs on consumers' purchase intentions and product perceptions of
24	snack foods. Participants were 239 adult shoppers in Kathmandu, Nepal. Participants
25	viewing product images rated purchase intentions and seven product perceptions (e.g.,
26	healthfulness, tastiness). Participants reported their two most important shopping
27	priorities, and explained why they found a specific FOPNC to be useful/truthful or not.
28	Path analyses of multiple mediation models showed that FOPNCs most often influenced
29	the product perception of healthful for children, while product perceptions of tasty and
30	adults like it were most predictive of purchase intention. Inductive thematic analysis of
31	open-ended responses identified various reasons for trust and skepticism in FOPNCs.
32	FOPNCs were largely described as useful, despite their inconsistent influence on
33	perceptions. Thematic analysis of shopping priorities resulted in 10 themes; the three
34	most prevalent were quality, familiarity, and taste. Only 12% of reported shopping
35	priorities appeared to motivate the use of FOPNCs (i.e., health and nutrition and
36	package labeling). Evidence that FOPNCs create health halos for snack foods did
37	emerge. However, FOPNCs' inconsistent or absent
38	impact on most product perceptions and purchase intentions suggest that FOPNCs are
39	not a primary contributor to increasing obesity during Nepal's nutrition transition.

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