Accepted Manuscript

Title: Analysis of white matter characteristics with tract-based spatial statistics according to diffusion tensor imaging in early Parkinson's disease

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PII:	\$0304-3940(17)30973-4
DOI:	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.neulet.2017.11.064
Reference:	NSL 33272
To appear in:	Neuroscience Letters
Received date:	16-7-2017
Revised date:	9-11-2017
Accepted date:	29-11-2017

Please cite this article as: Xiang-Rong Li, Yan-De Ren, Bo Cao, Xuan-Li Huang, Analysis of white matter characteristics with tract-based spatial statistics according to diffusion tensor imaging in early Parkinson's disease, Neuroscience Letters https://doi.org/10.1016/j.neulet.2017.11.064

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Analysis of white matter characteristics with tract-based spatial statistics according to diffusion tensor imaging in early Parkinson's disease

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Highlights

Our results showed there was extensive microstructure damage in the corpus callosum of early PD patients. Corpus callosum is involved in the regulation of bilateral limb movement and cognition. Thus, the bilateral motor coordination dysfunction or cognition impairment in PD patients may be ascribed to the extensive damage to the corpus callosum. Kamagata et al [39] found, when compared with normal controls, the FA reduced significantly in the genu of corpus callosum, cognition score was related to the FA of genu of corpus callous, and in PD patients the FA of corpus callosum was associated with the cognition score. Download English Version:

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