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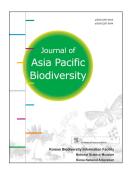
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Review of Zatypota Förster, 1869 (Hymenoptera: Ichneumonidae: Pimplinae) from

South Korea

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ABSTRACT

South Korean species of the genus Zatypota Förster, 1869 are reviewed, with five newly recognized

species from South Korea. All South Korean species belong to the discolor-group. In the

discolor-group, pronotum with straight epomia, reaching or reaching near the ventral edge of

pronotum; hind wing without vein Cu1; metasomal tergites with polished rhombic areas in middle. A

key to South Korean species, diagnoses, and images of each species are provided.

Keywords: Ephialtini, key, new record, Parasidoid, taxonomy

Introduction

Zatypota Förster, 1869 is small-sized and cosmopolitan genus of Pimplinae (Hymenoptera:

Ichneumonidae), comprising 50 described species worldwide (Yu et al 2016). Zatypota can be

divided into three groups: bohemani-group, discolor-group, and morsei-group (Townes & Townes

1960; Gauld & Dubois 2006). All South Korean species belong to the discolor-group. Most species

of the genus are known as ectoparasitoids of theridiid spiders (Nielsen 1923; Jiménez 1988; Fitton et

al 1988; Gauld & Dubois 2006), and a few species attack various dictynid spiders (Howard 1888;

Aubert 1969; Gauld & Dubois 2006). Recently, new host records belong to Theridiidae and

Linyphiidae were reported based on reared materials by Matsumoto & Takasuka (2010). In this study,

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