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Effectiveness and mechanism of natural attenuation at a petroleum-hydrocarbon contaminated site

Hang Lv^{1,2} • Xiaosi Su³ • Yan Wang^{3,*} • Zhenxue Dai³ • Mingyao Liu^{4,5}

¹Key Laboratory of Groundwater Resources and Environment, Ministry of Education/Institute of Water Resources and Environment, Jilin University, Changchun 130026, China.

²Engineering Research Center of Groundwater Pollution Control and Remediation, Ministry of Education, Beijing 100875, China.

³College of Construction Engineering, Jilin University, Changchun 130026, China.

⁴Geological Survey of Jiangsu Province, Nanjing 210018, China.

⁵Key Laboratory of Earth Fissures Geological Disaster, Ministry of Land and Resources, Nanjing 210018, China.

*Correspondence and requests for materials should be addressed to Yan Wang (E-mail address:wangyanmails@163.com)

Abstract

This study applied an integrated method for evaluating the effectiveness and mechanism of natural attenuation (NA) of petroleum-hydrocarbon contaminated groundwater. Site groundwater and soil samples were analysed to characterize spatial and temporal variations in petroleum hydrocarbons, geochemical indicators, microbial diversity and isotopes. The results showed that the area of petroleum hydrocarbon contamination plume decreased almost 60% in four years, indicating the presence of

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