Accepted Manuscript

Volcanic and hydrothermal activities recorded in phosphate nodules from the Lower Cambrian Niutitang Formation black shales in South China



Ping Gao, Zhiliang He, Shuangjian Li, Gary G. Lash, Boyuan Li, Boyu Huang, Detian Yan

PII:	S0031-0182(17)31156-2
DOI:	doi:10.1016/j.palaeo.2018.06.019
Reference:	PALAEO 8824
To appear in:	Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology
Received date:	12 November 2017
Revised date:	9 June 2018
Accepted date:	9 June 2018

Please cite this article as: Ping Gao, Zhiliang He, Shuangjian Li, Gary G. Lash, Boyuan Li, Boyu Huang, Detian Yan, Volcanic and hydrothermal activities recorded in phosphate nodules from the Lower Cambrian Niutitang Formation black shales in South China. Palaeo (2018), doi:10.1016/j.palaeo.2018.06.019

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Volcanic and hydrothermal activities recorded in phosphate nodules from the Lower Cambrian Niutitang Formation black shales in South China

Ping Gao^a, Zhiliang He^a, Shuangjian Li^a, Gary G. Lash^b, Boyuan Li^c, Boyu Huang^c, Detian Yan^{d*}

^a, Petroleum Exploration & Production Research Institute, SINOPEC, Beijing 100083, China

^b, Department of Geology and Environmental Sciences, State University of New York - Fredonia,

Fredonia, NY 14063, USA

^c, State Key Laboratory of Petroleum Resources and Prospecting, China University of Petroleum,

Beijing 102249, China

^d, Key Laboratory of Tectonics and Petroleum Resources of Ministry of Education, China

University of Geosciences, Wuhan 430074, China

**Corresponding author, Tel.:* +86-27-67883051, *E-mail: yandetian@cug.edu.cn;*

gaoping1212@hotmail.com

Abstract: Deposition of black shale of the Lower Cambrian Niutitang Formation (NTT) of the Yangtze Block, South China, in association with the Ediacaran-Cambrian (E-C) transition was accompanied by widespread formation of phosphate nodules. Petrological and geochemical studies of the nodules and host sedimentary rocks were carried out to elucidate hydrographic conditions of the Early Cambrian ocean. Our results reveal that NTT phosphate nodules are composed principally of concentrically banded carbonate fluorapatite (CFA) that likely reflects changing Eh and pH conditions contemporaneous with diagenetic nodule growth. Accumulation of organic-rich sediment and nodule growth may have been induced and sustained by contemporaneous volcanic Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8868172

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/8868172

Daneshyari.com