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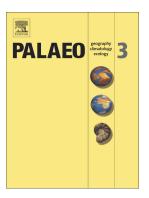
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Biostratigraphy and sedimentology of Upper Permian and Lower Triassic strata

at Masore, Western Slovenia

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**Abstract** 

Upper Permian and lowermost Triassic strata of the Masore section in western Slovenia have been

restudied by means of bio- and lithostratigraphy. This section is mainly characterized by a carbonate

succession of the Bellerophon Formation deposited in a shallow marine ramp environment that was

located in the western part of the Palaeotethys. The Permian-Triassic boundary (PTB) transition is

marked by laminated microbialites - stromatolites interpreted to reflect a deeper ramp environment.

The conodont elements recovered enabled the recognition of the Hindeodus praeparvus Zone of the

uppermost Permian (Upper Changhsingian) in the Bellerophon Formation. Gondolellids are

documented in the PTB transitional interval with microbial microfacies, whereas the Isarcicella isarcica

Zone (Lower Griesbachian, Lower Triassic) is recognized in the tectonically separated Werfen

Formation just above the microbial microfacies part of the section. The lowermost part of the

microbialites is characterized by Late Permian species of foraminifers indicating that at least this part

of the section is still Upper Permian.

Keywords: Changhsingian, Griesbachian, Conodonts, Foraminifers, External Dinarides

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