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Authors: Karen Brady, Lynn Hewison, Hannah Wright, Helen Zulch, Nina Cracknell, Daniel Mills

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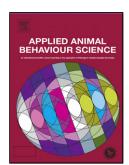
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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

A spatial discounting test to assess impulsivity in dogs

Karen Brady, Lynn Hewison,* Hannah Wright, Helen Zulch, Nina Cracknell, Daniel Mills

School of Life Sciences, University of Lincoln, Brayford Pool, Lincoln, LN6 7TS

*Corresponding Author: LHewison@lincoln.ac.uk

Highlights

• A Spatial Discounting Task (SDT) was developed to assess impulsivity in dogs.

• In adults Maximum Distance Travelled (MDT) in the SDT correlated with overall DIAS score

(OQS).

• In young dogs, no significant relationship between the OQS and MDT was found.

• A simplified SDT for the field showed a significant relationship between MDT and OQS.

• The SDT is a useful tool for measuring impulsivity in adult dogs.

Abstract

In domestic dog's trait impulsivity can be measured psychometrically using the Dog Impulsivity

Assessment Scale (DIAS) and experimentally using a temporal discounting paradigm which requires

substantial training. A Spatial Discounting Task (SDT) was developed as an alternative experimental

method to assess impulsivity, and evaluated performance in adult (2-10 years) and younger (2-9

months) dogs. The test was modified for field use with fewer controls (Simplified Spatial Discounting

Task (SDTs)). Convergent validity with the SDT and DIAS Overall Questionnaire Scores (OQS) and

stability over time (4-6 weeks) in the two age groups was determined. 96% of dogs recruited reached

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