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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

#### **Title**

Chara spp. exhibit highly heterogeneous light adaptation, calcite encrustation and epiphyton patterns in a marl lake

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#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

- Chara calcite encrustation decreases with water depth and is higher in C. subspinosa than in C. globularis.
- Photosynthetic pigments differ between upper and lower thallus parts and between depths.
- Pigment ratios increase with depth indicating specific light adaptations.
- Excessive calcite encrustation negatively affects protozoans and micro-metazoans in epiphyton.

#### Abstract

The aim of this work was to determine the relationships between calcite encrustation, photosynthetic pigments and the epiphyton community of upper and lower thallus parts of *Chara* spp. from different depths of a marl lake (Lake Prošće, NP Plitvice Lakes, Croatia). Samples were taken from two *Chara* species, spread across three lake depths (*Chara subspinosa* at 1 and 5 m, and *Chara globularis* at 10 m), and analysed spectrophotometrically for photosynthetic pigment (chlorophyll *a*, chlorophyll *b* and total carotenoids) composition, and gravimetrically for

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