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Sedimentation rate and lateral migration of tidal channels in the Lagoon of Venice (Northern Italy)

Sandra Donnici, Fantina Madricardo, Rossana Serandrei-Barbero

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1 Sedimentation rate and lateral migration of tidal channels in the Lagoon of

2 Venice (Northern Italy)

- 3 Sandra Donnici*¹, Fantina Madricardo¹, Rossana Serandrei-Barbero²
- 4 ¹ CNR National Research Council of Italy, ISMAR Marine Sciences Institute in Venice, Castello
- 5 2737/F, 30122, Venice, Italy
- 6 ² formerly at CNR National Research Council of Italy, ISMAR Marine Sciences Institute in
- 7 Venice, Castello 2737/F, 30122, Venice, Italy

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- 9 Keywords: Palaeochannels; Tidal meander; Sedimentation rate; Lateral migration; Venice Lagoon
- 10 **Abstract**
- 11 Tidal channels are crucial for the functioning of highly valuable coastal environments, such as
- estuaries and lagoons. Their properties, however, are currently less understood than those of river
- systems. To elucidate their past behaviour, an extensive geophysical investigation was performed to
- reconstruct the evolution of channels and tidal surfaces in the central part of the Lagoon of Venice,
- 15 Italy over the past 5,000 years. Comparing high-spatial-resolution acoustic data and sedimentary
- 16 facies analyses of 41 cores, 29 of which were radiocarbon dated, revealed the sedimentation rates in
- different lagoonal environments and allowed the migration of two large meanders to be
- 18 reconstructed. The average sedimentation rate of the study succession in the different sedimentary
- 19 environments was 1.27 mm yr⁻¹. The lateral migration rates were 13-23 m/century. This estimate is
- 20 consistent with the lateral migration rates determined by comparing aerial photographs of recent
- 21 channels.
- 22 Comparing the buried channels with historical and current maps showed that, in general, the
- 23 number of active channels is now reduced. Their morphology was sometimes simplified by artificial

^{*}Corresponding author. Tel.: +39 041 2407960; fax: +39 041 2407940. E-mail address: sandra.donnici@ismar.cnr.it (S. Donnici)

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