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Protocol for the isolation of processed animal proteins from insects in feed and their identification by microscopy

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12 Abstract

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Insect processed animal proteins (PAPs) constitute a new alternative source of proteins in feed. In 2017, a closed list of insect species was authorized on the European market for use in aquafeed production. Authenticity and contamination controls will have to be set up by authorities and feed actors and supported by adequate detection methods, which are lacking. The present paper presents an original isolation and detection protocol for insect material. The protocol, based on sedimentation by a mixture of petroleum ether and tetrachloroethylene to concentrate insect particles, was developed and tested on a series of ten different aquafeeds fortified at 1 % w/w with four different commercially available insect meals (from *H. illucens, T. molitor, G. assimilis* and *A. diaperinus*). The results showed that this sedimentation protocol combined with light microscopic observation was adequate for insect detection and more efficient than the current official method. Morphological key features for reliable characterization of insect PAPs were also investigated. Structural details of cuticular fragments, such as sensilla and tracheolar structures, combined with patterns of muscle

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