

Accepted Manuscript

Research papers

The effect of rain gauge density and distribution on runoff simulation using a lumped hydrological modelling approach

Qiang Zeng, Hua Chen, Chong-Yu Xu, Meng-Xuan Jie, Jie Chen, Sheng-Lian Guo, Jie Liu

PII: S0022-1694(18)30385-8
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jhydrol.2018.05.058>
Reference: HYDROL 22835

To appear in: *Journal of Hydrology*

Received Date: 24 July 2017
Revised Date: 12 April 2018
Accepted Date: 24 May 2018

Please cite this article as: Zeng, Q., Chen, H., Xu, C-Y., Jie, M-X., Chen, J., Guo, S-L., Liu, J., The effect of rain gauge density and distribution on runoff simulation using a lumped hydrological modelling approach, *Journal of Hydrology* (2018), doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jhydrol.2018.05.058>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



The effect of rain gauge density and distribution on runoff simulation using a lumped hydrological modelling approach

Qiang Zeng^{1,2}, Hua Chen^{1,2*}, Chong-Yu Xu^{1,3*}, Meng-Xuan Jie^{1,2}, Jie Chen^{1,2}, Sheng-Lian Guo^{1,2}, Jie Liu^{1,4}

¹ State Key Laboratory of Water Resources and Hydropower Engineering Science, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China

² Hubei Provincial Collaborative Innovation Center for Water Resources Security, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China

³ Department of Geosciences, University of Oslo, P O Box 1047 Blindern, N-0316 Oslo, Norway

⁴ School of Architecture and Civil Engineering, Chengdu University, Chengdu 610106, China

Corresponding to: * chongyu.xu@geo.uio.no; Chua@whu.edu.cn

Abstract

Most lumped hydrological models use areal average precipitation data as model input. Though weather-radar-based and satellite-based precipitation estimation methods have been proposed in recent years, the rain gauge is still the most widely used precipitation-measuring tool. Optimal selection of rain gauge number and location will improve the accuracy of areal average precipitation estimations with minimum cost. In this study, the impacts of rain gauge density and distribution on lumped hydrological modelling uncertainty with different catchment sizes are analysed. To this end, the performances of a lumped hydrological model, the Xinanjiang model, in a densely gauged river basin, the Xiangjiang River basin, and its sub-basins under different gauge density and distribution are compared. First, seven levels of rain gauge density are defined. For each density level, several samples of different rain gauge distributions are randomly selected. Then, the areal average

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/8894555>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/8894555>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)