Accepted Manuscript

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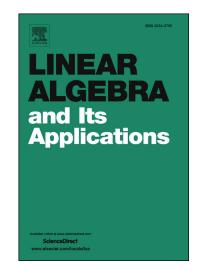
PII: S0024-3795(18)30144-7

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.laa.2018.03.034

Reference: LAA 14526

To appear in: Linear Algebra and its Applications

Received date: 26 November 2017 Accepted date: 17 March 2018



Please cite this article in press as: Y. Li et al., Some characterizations of minimal compact normal operators, *Linear Algebra Appl.* (2018), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.laa.2018.03.034

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Some characterizations of minimal compact normal operators *

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Abstract In this note, we consider properties of a compact normal operator A such that

$$||A|| \le ||A + D||$$
 for all $D \in \mathcal{D}(K(\mathcal{H}))$,

or equivalently,

$$||A|| = \operatorname{dist}(A, \mathcal{D}(K(\mathcal{H}))),$$

where $\|\cdot\|$ denotes the usual operator norm and $\mathcal{D}(K(\mathcal{H}))$ is the subalgebra of diagonal compact operators in a fixed orthonormal basis of the Hilbert space \mathcal{H} .

Keywords: Minimal compact operator, Quotient operator norm, Diagonal operators **Mathematics Subject Classification**: 47A58, 47B15, 47A55

1 Introduction

Let \mathcal{H} be a complex separable Hilbert space and $\mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})$ be the set of all bounded linear operators on \mathcal{H} . For an operator $A \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})$, the adjoint of A is denoted by A^* . We write $A \geq 0$ if A is a positive operator, meaning $\langle Ax, x \rangle \geq 0$, where we denote by \langle , \rangle the inner product of \mathcal{H} . Let K(H) be the two sided closed ideal of compact operators on \mathcal{H} and T(H) be the set of trace class operators. Also, $|A| := (A^*A)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ denotes the absolute value of $A \in \mathcal{B}(H)$ and $||X||_1 = tr(|X|) = tr((X^*X)^{\frac{1}{2}})$ the trace norm of $X \in T(H)$ (see [10]). Let $\{e_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ be a fixed orthonormal basis of \mathcal{H} and $\mathcal{D}(\mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H}))$ be the subalgebra of diagonal operators in the orthonormal basis $\{e_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$. That is

$$\mathcal{D}(\mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})) := \{ T \in A : \langle Te_i, e_i \rangle = 0, \text{ for all } i \neq j \}.$$

Similarly, $\mathcal{D}(K(\mathcal{H})^h)$ represents the subalgebra of diagonal compact self-adjoint operators in the above orthonormal basis.

^{*}This work is supported by NSFC (Nos: 11671242, 11571211) and the Fundamental Research Funds for the Central Universities (GK201801011, GK201601004).

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