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The normalized numerical range and the Davis-Wielandt shell

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Abstract

For a given *n*-by-*n* matrix *A*, its normalized numerical range $F_N(A)$ is defined as the range of the function $f_{N,A}: x \mapsto (x^*Ax)/(||Ax|| \cdot ||x||)$ on the complement of ker *A*. We provide an explicit description of this set for the case when *A* is normal or n = 2. This extension of earlier results for particular cases of 2-by-2 matrices (by Gevorgyan) and essentially Hermitian matrices of arbitrary size (by A. Stoica and one of the authors) was achieved due to the fresh point of view at $F_N(A)$ as the image of the Davis-Wielandt shell DW(A) under a certain non-linear mapping $h: \mathbb{R}^3 \mapsto \mathbb{C}$.

Keywords: Normalized numerical range, Davis-Wielandt shell, normal matrix 2010 MSC: 15A60 47A12 47B15

1. Introduction

Throughout the paper, we denote by \mathbb{C}^n the standard *n*-dimensional inner product space over the complex field \mathbb{C} and by $M_n(\mathbb{C})$ the algebra of all *n*-by-*n* matrices with entries in \mathbb{C} .

The classical numerical range F(A) (a.k.a. the field of values, or the Hausdorff set) of $A \in M_n(\mathbb{C})$ is by definition the set of values of the corresponding quadratic form x^*Ax on the unit sphere $S\mathbb{C}^n := \{x \in \mathbb{C}^n : ||x|| = 1\}$ of \mathbb{C}^n . Equivalently,

$$F(A) = \left\{ (x^*Ax) / \|x\|^2 \colon x \in \mathbb{C}^n \setminus \{0\} \right\}.$$

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