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# Note on an upper bound for sum of the Laplacian eigenvalues of a graph 

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#### Abstract

For a simple graph $G$ with $n$ vertices and $m$ edges having Laplacian eigenvalues $\mu_{1}(G) \geq \mu_{2}(G) \geq \cdots \geq \mu_{n}(G)$, let $\mathcal{S}_{k}(G)$ be the sum of $k$ largest Laplacian eigenvalues of $G$. In this note, we prove that if $G$ is a connected graph of order $n \geq 2$ with $m$ edges having clique number $\omega$ and vertex covering number $\tau$, then


$$
\mathcal{S}_{k}(G) \leq k(\tau+1)+m-\frac{\omega(\omega-1)}{2}
$$

with equality if $k \leq \omega-1$ and $G$ is the graph obtained by joining $n-\omega$ pendant vertices with one of the vertices in $K_{\omega}$. Our work improves a recent work of Ganie et al.
Keywords: sum of Laplacian eigenvalues, upper bound, clique number, vertex covering number
2000 MSC: 05C50, 05C30

## 1. Introduction

We consider finite, undirected and simple graphs throughout this note. Let $G$ be a graph of order $n$ with vertex set $V(G)=\left\{v_{1}, v_{2}, \ldots, v_{n}\right\}$ and edge set $E(G)$. We denote by $N_{G}\left(v_{i}\right)$ and $d_{G}\left(v_{i}\right)$ the neighborhood and the degree of vertex $v_{i}$ in $G$, respectively. A vertex $v_{i}$ is called isolated if $d_{G}\left(v_{i}\right)=0$,

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