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The Capacity of Wedge Sum of Spheres of Different Dimensions

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Abstract

K. Borsuk in 1979, in the Topological Conference in Moscow, introduced the concept of the capacity of a compactum. In this paper, we compute the capacity of wedge sum of finitely many spheres of various dimensions.

Keywords: Homotopy domination, Homotopy type, Wedge sum of spheres, Polyhedron, CW-complex, Compactum. *2010 MSC:* 55P15, 55P55, 54E30.

1. Introduction and Motivation

Throughout this paper, every polyhedron and each CW-complex is assumed to be finite and connected. Also, by a map between two CW-complexes we mean a cellular one.

K. Borsuk in [2] introduced the concept of the capacity C(A) of a compactum A as the cardinality of the class of the shapes of all compacta X such that $Sh(X) \leq Sh(A)$ (for more details, see [13]).

For polyhedra, the notions shape and shape domination in the above definition can be replaced by the notions homotopy type and homotopy domination, respectively. Indeed, by some known results in shape theory one can conclude that for any polyhedron P, there is a one to one functorial correspondence between the shapes of compact shape dominated by P and the homotopy types of CW-complexes (not necessarily finite) homotopy dominated by P. Consequently, for a finite polyhedron

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