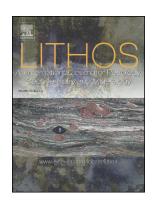
Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0024-4937(18)30033-1

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lithos.2018.01.023

Reference: LITHOS 4550

To appear in:

Received date: 12 September 2017 Accepted date: 26 January 2018

Please cite this article as: Xin Xiao, Tao-fa Zhou, Noel C. White, Le-jun Zhang, Yu Fan, Fang-yue Wang, Xue-feng Chen, The formation and trace elements of garnet in the skarn zone from the Xinqiao Cu-S-Fe-Au deposit, Tongling ore district, Anhui Province, Eastern China. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Lithos(2018), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.lithos.2018.01.023

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

The formation and trace elements of garnet in the skarn zone from the Xinqiao Cu-S-Fe-Au deposit, Tongling ore district, Anhui Province, Eastern China

Xin Xiao ^{a,b,c}, Tao-fa Zhou ^{a,b}, Noel C. White ^{a,b,c}, Le-jun Zhang ^c, Yu Fan ^{a,b}, Fang-yue Wang ^{a,b}, Xue-feng Chen ^{a,b},

- ^a School of Resources and Environmental Engineering, Hefei University of Technology, Hefei 230009, China
- ^b Ore Deposit and Exploration Centre (ODEC), Hefei University of Technology, Hefei 230009, China
- ^c Centre of Excellence in Ore Deposit (CODES), University of Tasmania, Private Bag 79, Hobart, Australia

Abstract: Xinqiao is a large copper-gold deposit and consists of two major mineralization types: stratabound and skarn. The skarn occurs along the contact between a quartz diorite intrusion and Carboniferous-Triassic limestone. Xinqiao has a strongly developed skarn zone, including endoskarn and exoskarn; the exoskarn is divided into proximal and distal exoskarn. We present systematic major, trace and rare earth element (REE) concentrations for garnets from the skarn zone, discuss the factors controlling the incorporation of trace elements into the garnets, and constrain the formation and evolution of the garnet from skarn zone in Xinqiao deposit. Grossular (Adr $_{20.44}$ Grs $_{56.80}$) mostly occurs in endoskarn and has typical HREE-enriched and LREE-depleted patterns, with small Eu anomalies and low Σ REE. Garnets from the exoskarn show complex textures and chemical compositions. The composition of garnets range from Al-rich andradite (Adr $_{63.81}$ Grs $_{19.47}$) to andradite

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