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Spatial and seasonal distribution of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, and sulfur and their ecological stoichiometry in wetland soils along a water and salt gradient in the Yellow River Delta, China

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## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1	Spatial and seasonal distribution of carbon, nitrogen,
2	phosphorus, and sulfur and their ecological stoichiometry in
3	wetland soils along a water and salt gradient in the Yellow
4	River Delta, China
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9	Abstract: Top soils (0-10 cm) were collected in three sampling belts during four
10	seasons in 2014, including bare land (HN1), Calamagrostis epigeios (HN2), Typha
11	orientalis (HN3), Phragmites australis (HN4), Tamarix chinensis (HN5) and Suaeda
12	salsa (HN6) along a water and salinity gradient in the Yellow River Delta, China.
13	Soil organic carbon (SOC), total nitrogen (TN), total phosphorous (TP), total sulfur
14	(TS) and their ecological stoichiometry were measured to investigate their seasonal
15	and horizontal distribution patterns, as well as their important influencing factors
16	such as electric conductivity (EC) and water content (WC). Our results showed that
17	the contents of SOC and TN exhibited similar changing tendency along the water
18	and salinity gradient. The TP contents followed the order HN5 $\approx$ HN2 $>$ HN3 $\approx$
19	HN6 > HN4 > HN1. TS levels generally increased with increasing salinity from
20	HN1 to HN6. The higher levels of SOC and TP were mostly observed in October
21	and August, respectively, while the seasonal variations in TN were heterogeneous
22	under different plant covers. TS contents were lower in August compared with other

.

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