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Taxonomy and stratigraphy of Early Cretaceous species of *Debrunia* Masse and Fenerci-Masse (Hippuritida, Monopleuridae) of the Mediterranean region

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11 ABSTRACT

- The genus *Debrunia* is characterized by its myophoral organisation: the left valve posterior
- myophore is an erect plate, the anterior is a bulge or a crest, myophores of right valve are on
- shell wall, the ligament groove is inconspicuous and the cardinal apparatus tends to be shifted
- posteriorly. Shell habit varies from low conical to elongated cylindrical, and the shape of the
- left valve ranges from capuloid to flat. The taxonomic revision of *Debrunia* species of the
- 17 Mediterranean regions reveals the presence of thirteen species, among which seven are
- described as new. Multiple Component Analysis and Cluster Analysis document the existence
- of five groups of species in correspondence with the height of the left valve and the
- 20 commissural diameter. The longevity of *Debrunia* is high, 32 Myr, whereas its species have
- 21 shorter durations which account for a significant biostratigraphic potential within the

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